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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/456,793 12/08/1999		Christopher L. Knauft	MEDIDNA.049A	6923	
30948 7	590 12/15/2004	EXAMINER			
	VER LAW GROUP	NGUYEN, MAIKHANH			
	WER PLACE, SUITE 255 MA 01754-2545		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ŕ			2176		
			DATE MAILED: 12/15/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/456,7	793	KNAUFT ET AL.			
		Examine	r	Art Unit			
		Maikhanl	n Nguyen	2176			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THE PROVISION OF	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e unication. o) days, a reply within the sta tutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be time stutory minimum of thirty (30) days will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this considered to U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <i>15 July 2004</i> .					
-		2b)⊠ This action is	non-final.				
′=		<i>,</i> —		secution as to the	e merits is		
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositio	on of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the a	pplication.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
•	☑ Claim(s) is/are allowed. ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
-	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or election	requirement.				
Application	on Papers						
9) 🗆 🗆	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
-							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
•—	•						
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim and the control of the priority.  Acknowledgment is made of a claim and the control of the priority.  Acknowledgment is made of a claim and the control of the priority.			)-(d) or (f).			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies	of the priority docum	nents have been receive	ed in this National	l Stage		
	application from the Internatio	nal Bureau (PCT Ru	ıle 17.2(a)).				
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action	n for a list of the cer	tified copies not receive	ed.			
<b></b> .							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P	TO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate			
3) Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PT	O-152)		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to the following communications: Amendment filed 07/15/2004 to the original application filed 12/08/1999.

2. Claims 1-27 are currently pending in this application. Claims 1, 12, 19 and 25 are independent claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 19-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamanaka et al. (U.S. 5,983,247 –issued 11/1999) in view of Sotomayor (U.S. 5,708,825 – issued 01/1998).

## As to independent claim 19:

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a. Yamanaka teaches a method of generating index information for graphical or audio objects (e.g., generates the index information; col.14, lines 55-56 & Fig. 14), comprising: reading index information that is associated with a graphical or audio object (e.g., the index information ...reads the tags in order from the start of the HTML document ...the tag is "<IMG>"; col.10, line 50-col.11, line 29).

- b. Yamanaka is silent on "dynamically generating an electronic document based at least in part upon the contents of the index information."
- c. Sotomayor teaches dynamically generating an electronic document based at least in part upon the contents of the index information (e.g., automatically generating home pages containing various types of index information; col.4, lines 1-8 and lines 40-47).
- d. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include the feature from Yamanaka in the system of Sotomayor because it teaching would have provided the capability for providing viewer(s) with an indexed and/or hyperlinked view of a semantically-analyzed form of that document, wherein the viewer(s) can view, scan forward and backward, search for text strings as well as having semantically important key topics marked and indexed.

# As to dependent claim 20:

Yamanaka teaches customizing, based at least in part upon the indexing characteristics of one or more information retrieval systems, the content of the electronic document (col.11, lines 1-20).

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# As to dependent claim 21:

Yamanaka teaches the electronic document comprises a HyperText Markup Language file (col.7, lines 40-53 and Figs.3-6).

#### As to dependent claim 22:

Yamanaka teaches the audiovisual object comprises a bitmap image (col.11, lines 22-29).

## As to dependent claim 23:

Yamanaka teaches the graphical object is a multimedia presentation (e.g., a presentation of the content of the audio information; col.12, lines 56-59 & Fig. 8B).

# As to dependent claim 24:

Yamanaka teaches the graphical object is a streaming media file (e.g., image files; col.7, lines 40-53/"V1" is a video elementary stream; col.20, lines 6-67).

#### As to independent claim 25:

- a. The rejection of independent claim 19 above is incorporated herein in full.
   Additionally, claim 19 further recites "converting at least a portion of a graphical or audio object into index information."
- b. Yamanaka teaches converting at least a portion of a graphical or audio object into index information (e.g., converting multimedia data; col.1, line 5- col.2, line 28/ generated index information; col.10, lines 14-55 & col.14, lines 42-62).

#### As to dependent claims 26-27:

They include the same limitations as in claims 20-21, and are similarly rejected under the same rationale.

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5. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamanaka et al. in view of Durst, Jr. et al. (U.S. 6,542,933 – filed 04/2000), provisional application filed 04/1999.

## As to independent claim 1:

- a. Yamanaka teaches a method of generating index information for audiovisual objects (e.g., generates the index information; col.14, lines 55-56 & Fig. 14), comprising: converting at least a portion of an audiovisual object into index information (e.g., converting multimedia data; col.1, line 5- col.2, line 28/ generated index information; col.10, lines 14-55 & col.14, lines 42-62).
- b. Yamanaka does teach "index information", but is silent on "obfuscating at least a portion of the index information so that the intelligibility of the contents of the index information is reduced."
- c. Durst teaches obfuscating at least a portion of the index information so that the intelligibility of the contents of the index information is reduced (e.g., both linkage codes and user's ID are blinded before being issued or displayed. The 'blinding' operation is form of obfuscating and/or encryption ... blinding is used for revenue protection; col.18, line 60-col.19, line 7 and col.28, lines 3-11).
- d. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Durst and Yamanaka because it would have provided the capability for forcing a user to see a certain information, should it be sufficiently important.

#### As to dependent claim 2:

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Yamanaka teaches dynamically generating an electronic document which comprises at least a portion of the index information (col.9, line 66-col.10, line 5 & col.12, lines 41-59).

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## As to dependent claim 3:

Yamanaka teaches customizing, based at least in part upon the indexing characteristics of one or more information retrieval systems, the content of the electronic document (col.11, lines 1-20).

## As to dependent claim 4:

Yamanaka teaches the electronic document comprises a HyperText Markup Language file (col.7, lines 40-53).

#### As to dependent claim 5:

Yamanaka teaches the audiovisual object comprises a bitmap image (col.11, lines 22-29).

#### As to dependent claim 6:

Yamanaka teaches the audiovisual object comprises music (col.7, lines 38-39/col.11, lines 42-51/col.1, lines 51-55).

#### As to dependent claim 7:

Yamanaka teaches converting at least a portion of the audiovisual object into index information text comprises identifying one or more words in the lyrics of the music (Fig. 8B).

#### As to dependent claim 8:

Yamanaka teaches the audiovisual object comprises a multimedia presentation (col.12, lines 56-59 & Fig. 8B).

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# As to dependent claim 9:

Yamanaka teaches converting at least a portion of a graphical or audio object into index information comprises reading close captioned information that is associated with the audiovisual object (Abstract).

# As to dependent claim 10:

Yamanaka teaches the audiovisual object comprises a streaming media file (col.7, lines 39-63 / col.20, lines 6-67).

#### As to dependent claim 11:

It includes the same limitations as in claim 9, and is similarly rejected under the same rationale.

## As to independent claim 12:

a. The rejection of independent claim1 above is incorporated herein in full.

Additionally, claim 12 further recites:

- reading index information that is associated with a graphical or audio object; and
- (ii) transmitting the obfuscated index information to an information retrieval system.

#### b. Yamanaka teaches:

(i) reading index information that is associated with a graphical or audio object (e.g., the index information ...reads the tags in order from the start of the HTML document ...the tag is "<IMG>"; col.10, line 50-col.11, line 29 and Fig.14); and

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(ii) transmitting the index information to an information retrieval system
(Figs. 11A-B & 12).

- c. Yamanaka does teach "transmitting the index information to an information retrieval system, but is silent on "the obfuscated information".
- d. Durst teaches the obfuscated index information (e.g., both linkage codes and user's ID are blinded before being issued or displayed. The 'blinding' operation is form of obfuscating and/or encryption ... blinding is used for revenue protection; col.18, line 60-col.19, line 7 and col.28, lines 3-11).
- e. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Durst and Yamanaka because it would have provided the capability for forcing a user to see a certain information, should it be sufficiently important.

#### As to dependent claims 13-16:

They include the same limitations as in claims 2-5, and are similarly rejected under the same rationale.

## As to dependent claim 17:

Yamanaka teaches the graphical object is a multimedia presentation (col.12, lines 56-59 & Fig. 8B).

# As to dependent claim 18:

Yamanaka teaches the graphical object is a streaming media file (col.7, lines 40-53 & col.20, lines 6-67).

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## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 07/15/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Yamanaka fails to show "dynamically generating an electronic document based at least in part upon the contents of the index information." (Remarks, page 4, last para.)

In response, the teachings of the newly applied prior art (Sotomayor) "automatically generating home pages containing various types of index information" (col.4, lines 1-8 and lines 40-47) meet "dynamically generating an electronic document based at least in part upon the contents of the index information" as claimed by Applicant.

#### Conclusion

- The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maikhanh Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-4093. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Friday from 9:00am 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph H Feild can be reached on (571) 272-4090.

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The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Maikhanh Nguyen December 8, 2004

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER